

24 August 2021

Dissemination of a Regulatory Announcement that contains inside information according to
REGULATION (EU) No 596/2014 (MAR)

Greatland Gold plc
("Greatland" or "the Company")

Drilling Commences at 100% owned Scallywag Licence

Drilling has commenced at Greatland's 100% owned Scallywag licence testing the first of several new targets identified following promising results of geophysical analysis

Greatland Gold plc (AIM:GGP), a leading development and exploration company with a focus on tier-one gold-copper deposits, is pleased to announce drilling has commenced at its 100% owned Scallywag licence, the latest campaign in the Company's 2021 multifaceted exploration programme in the Paterson province of Western Australia.

After receiving regulatory permits the Company has commenced testing multiple new targets at Scallywag following analysis of results of a Heliborne Electromagnetic ("EM") survey conducted last year and further geological interpretation of regional aeromagnetic and gravity datasets.

Exploration work at Scallywag is focussed on the discovery of large-scale intrusion related gold-copper deposits such as Havieron, Telfer and Winu.

Highlights

- Multiple conductors were identified following a detailed analysis of Heliborne EM including:
 - **Swan** - a strong Airborne EM conductor located in an interpreted fold structure with coincident gravity anomaly developed adjacent to, or truncated by, a crustal scale fault.
 - **A34, A35 and A36** - discrete segments of strongly conductive material coincident with a positive gravity response.
- Additional nearby new targets were identified from ongoing geological interpretation assisted by detailed aeromagnetic and gravity data. Targets include "Architeuthis", "Teach" and "Barbossa West".
- The first pass program comprises eight holes for 4,500 metres, with heritage clearances and statutory work permits now in place.
- Ground EM will commence in the coming weeks to further improve our understanding and model several conductors identified from the Airborne EM.

Shaun Day, Chief Executive Officer of Greatland Gold plc, commented:

"We are excited to have commenced our drilling campaign at Scallywag, which is focused on a number of high-priority targets in ground adjacent to Havieron. These targets have been selected due to their compelling geological characteristics borne out across multiple datasets and analysis, particularly the EM survey conducted last year.

As a 100% owned asset, Scallywag presents an opportunity to deploy our proven expertise and potentially deliver further exploration upside for our shareholders."

In addition to this release, a PDF version of this report with supplementary information can be found at the Company's website: www.greatlandgold.com/media/jorc/

Further Information on Drill Programme at Scallywag

Drilling has commenced on targets identified within Greatland's 100% owned Scallywag licence, adjacent to the Havieron project within the Paterson region. The 2021 Scallywag drill programme is designed to test a series of Airborne EM anomalies identified in the 2020 AEM survey and three new targets (named "Architeuthis", "Teach" and "Barbossa West") identified through ongoing geological interpretation assisted by detailed aeromagnetic and gravity data.

The first pass programme comprises eight holes for approximately 4,500 metres, with heritage clearances and statutory work permits in place. The first pass drilling programme is expected to be completed in late calendar 2021.

Analysis of results from Heliborne EM geophysical survey conducted last year has identified multiple new conductors within the Scallywag licence including:

- Swan: a strong, deep AEM conductor located in an interpreted fold structure developed adjacent to, or truncated by, structures in the crustal scale Kaliranu Fault Zone; and
- A34, A35 and A36: discrete segments of strongly conductive material coincident with positive gravity responses.

Ongoing geological interpretation has identified new nearby targets within the Scallywag licence named "Architeuthis", "Teach" and "Barbossa West". Architeuthis is a magnetic anomaly located 9km north west along strike of Havieron, and Teach is located 6km to the west. In both targets the magnetic response is considered to represent alteration potentially similar to that identified at Havieron. Barbossa West is interpreted to overly a series of parasitic anticlinal fold structures in stratigraphy including the Puntapunta Formation, host to gold and copper mineralisation at Havieron.

Additional information is presented in Appendices I and II. Targets are shown in Figures 1 and 2.

A regional map showing the Havieron licence area with regional targets and adjacent landholdings can be found at: www.greatlandgold.com/paterson

Figure 1. Scallywag project, with targets including Architeuthis and Teach on aeromagnetic image. Greatland tenements include Scallywag E45/ 4701 (100%) and Black Hills E45/ 4512 (Greatland 75%, JV with Newcrest Mining).

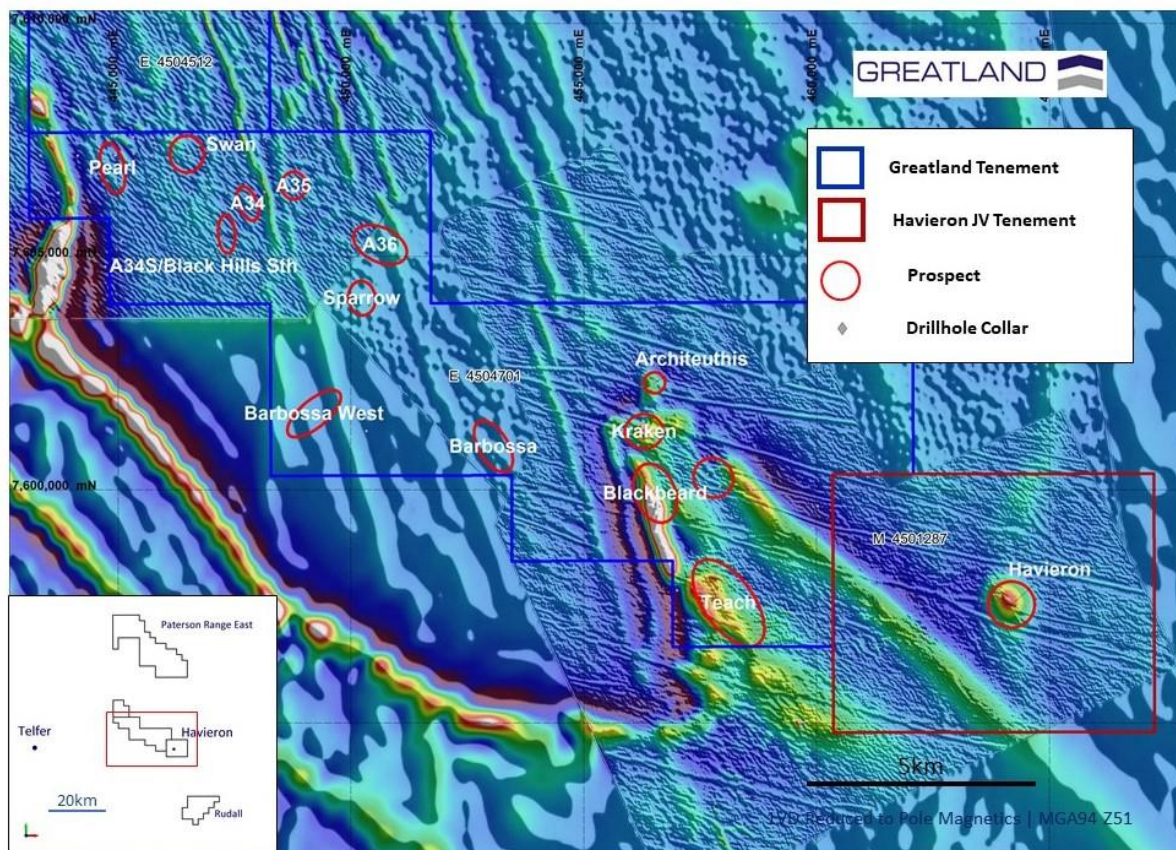
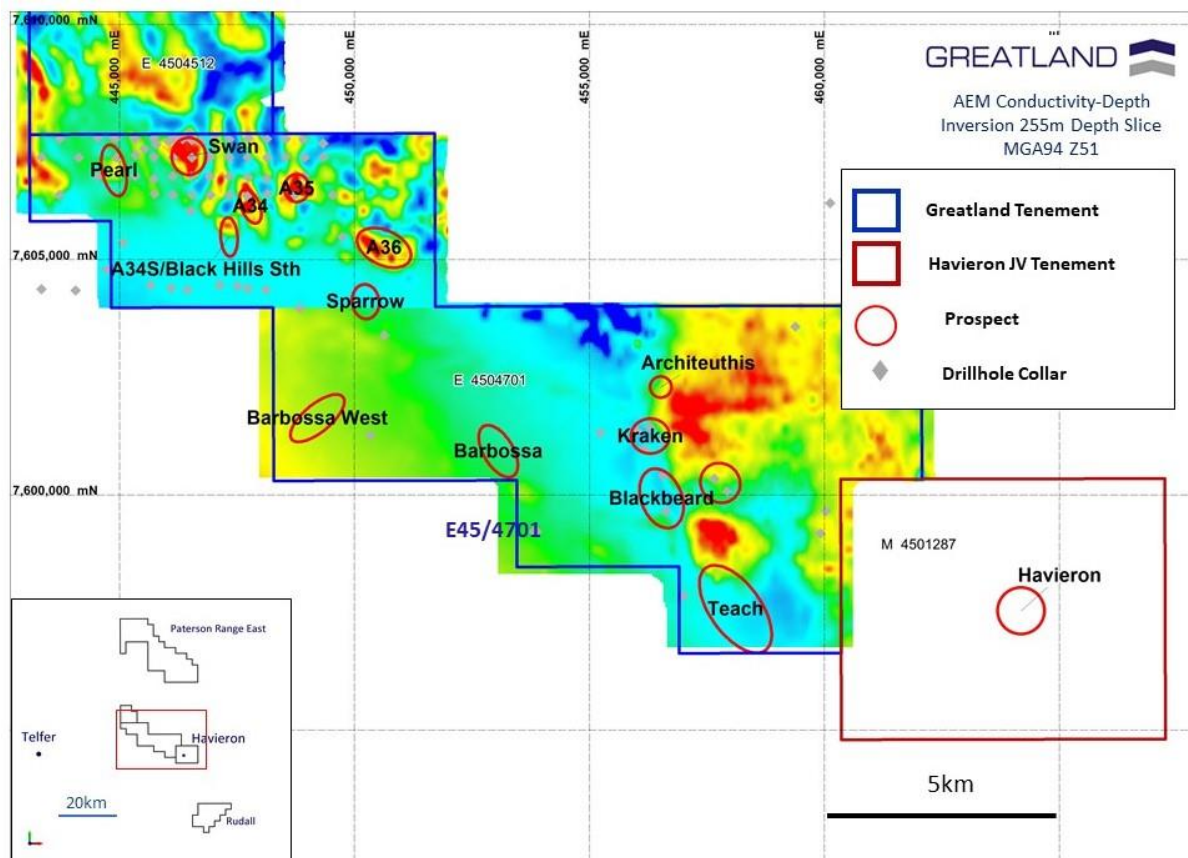


Figure 2. Scallywag project, with Airborne EM anomalies and other targets on a depth slice of the conductivity depth inversion data, approximately 250m below surface. Greatland tenements include Scallywag E45/ 4701 (100%) and Black Hills E45/ 4512 (Greatland 75%, JV with Newcrest Mining).



Competent Person:

Information in this announcement pertaining to Reporting of Exploration Results has been reviewed and approved by Mr John McIntyre, a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (MAIG), who has more than 30 years relevant industry experience. Mr McIntyre is a full-time employee of the Company. Mr McIntyre has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration, and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined by the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC Code) and under the AIM Rules - Note for Mining and Oil & Gas Companies, which outline standards of disclosure for mineral projects. Mr McIntyre consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

Additional information on the project can be found on the Company's website at www.greatlandgold.com/paterson/

In addition to this release, a PDF version of this report with supplementary information can be found at the Company's website: www.greatlandgold.com/media/jorc

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Notes for Editors:

Greatland Gold plc (AIM:GGP) is a leading development and exploration company with a focus on tier-one gold-copper deposits. The Company's flagship asset is the world-class Havieron gold-copper deposit in the Paterson region of Western Australia, discovered by Greatland and presently under development in Joint Venture with Newcrest Mining Ltd.

Havieron is located approximately 45km east of Newcrest's Telfer gold mine and, subject to positive decision to mine, will leverage the existing infrastructure and processing plant to significantly reduce the project's capital expenditure and carbon impact for a low cost pathway to development. An extensive growth drilling programme is presently underway at Havieron with a Pre-Feasibility Study due for release in late calendar 2021. Construction of the box cut and decline to develop the Havieron orebody commenced in February 2021.

Greatland has a proven track record of discovery and exploration success. It is pursuing the next generation of tier-one mineral deposits by applying advanced exploration techniques in under-explored regions. The Company is focused on safe, low-risk jurisdictions and is strategically positioned in the highly prospective Paterson region. Greatland has a total six projects across Australia with a focus on becoming a multi-commodity mining company of significant scale.

APPENDIX I

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary																												
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation)Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Greatland samples- no sampling reportedHistorical drilling- no sampling reported, locations only are shown in Figure 1 and 2 and listed in Appendix II																												
Sampling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Xcite Airborne EM Program	<ul style="list-style-type: none">An Airborne Electromagnetic and Magnetic Survey was undertaken in 2020 by New Resolution Geophysics Australia Pty Ltd (NRG), using a Time Domain Airborne Electromagnetic (Excite TM) time-domain, helicopter borne electromagnetic system. Transmitter –Receiver Concentric In-loop; Acquisition System NRG RDAS II Dual Core ARM 1.5Ghz; Transmitter details:<table><tr><td>Diameter</td><td>18.4m</td></tr><tr><td>Number of turns</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>Current</td><td>235 amperes</td></tr><tr><td>Dipole Moment</td><td>250,000 NIA</td></tr><tr><td>Base Frequency</td><td>25Hz</td></tr><tr><td>Flight Height</td><td>30m</td></tr></table>Waveform Nominal square wave On Time Typically 5.4 mSec Off time 14.6 mSec Receiver Flight Height 30m Orientation X & Z Receiver (Z – Component)<table><tr><td>Diameter</td><td>1m</td></tr><tr><td>Number of turns</td><td>100</td></tr><tr><td>Dipole Moment</td><td>78.5m2</td></tr><tr><td>Number of Channels</td><td>44</td></tr></table> Receiver (XZ – Component)<table><tr><td>Diameter</td><td>0.613m</td></tr><tr><td>Number of turns</td><td>200</td></tr><tr><td>Dipole Moment</td><td>236m2</td></tr><tr><td>Number of Channels</td><td>24</td></tr></table>	Diameter	18.4m	Number of turns	4	Current	235 amperes	Dipole Moment	250,000 NIA	Base Frequency	25Hz	Flight Height	30m	Diameter	1m	Number of turns	100	Dipole Moment	78.5m2	Number of Channels	44	Diameter	0.613m	Number of turns	200	Dipole Moment	236m2	Number of Channels	24
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Dipole Moment	236m2																													
Number of Channels	24																													

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drilling techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No drill results are reported
Drill sample recovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. • Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. • Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No drill results are reported
Logging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. • Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. • The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No drill results are reported
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. • If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. • For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. • Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. • Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. • Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No drill results are reported
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. • For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. • Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No drill results are reported
Verification of sampling and assaying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. • The use of twinned holes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No drill results are reported

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	
Location of data points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill collar locations were surveyed using hand held GPS. RL's were collected with the same GPS; Drill rig alignment was attained using a hand held compass. Downhole survey was collected every 30m in diamond drill core segments of the drill hole using a single shot Axis Mining Champ Gyro. The topography is generally low relief to flat, elevation within the dune corridors in ranges between 250-265m AHD steepening to the southeast; All collar coordinates are provided in the Geocentric Datum of Australian (GDA20 Zone 51). All relative depth information is reported in Australian Height Datum (AHD); Historical drilling- where recorded holes are located by GPS with +/-30m accuracy.
Data spacing and distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill holes are individual exploration holes targeting specific targets, and are not part of a grid pattern; Not applicable in early stage exploration; No sample compositing has been applied; Historical drilling has comprised generally vertical holes on a nominal 400m x 400m grid - no sampling reported
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drilling is oriented at various angles to folded layering, and to identified sulphide mineralized structures. The relationship to possible mineralized structures is unknown at this stage. Historical drilling- no sampling or structure reported
Sample security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The measures taken to ensure sample security. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No drill results are reported
Audits or reviews	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No audits or reviews have been completed.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Scallywag tenement E45/4701 is 100% owned by Greatland Pty Ltd. The tenement is subject to a Land Access Agreement (LAA) with Western Desert Lands Aboriginal Corporation;

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Exploration done by other parties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Historical work comprised shallow drilling in the north end of the Scallywag tenement (72 generally aircore holes, averaging 47.3m deep, 4 RAB holes (average 68m) and 9 RC holes (average 96.3m) by companies including Newcrest and Normandy Exploration Limited. Historical reports (WAMEX "A" numbers) are referenced in Appendix IV
Geology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exploration is for intrusion related Au-Cu deposits similar to Telfer, Havieron and Winu, all located in Neo-Proterozoic Yeneena Group sediments of the Paterson Province, Western Australia
Drill hole Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No results are reported.
Data aggregation methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No significant results have been reported, and no data aggregation methods have been applied.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known'). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No significant results are reported, and there is no known relationship between reported widths and the geometry of any mineralization.
Diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maps are provided in Figure 1 and 2. No significant discovery is reported and no sections are provided.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Balanced reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The reporting is considered balanced
Other substantive exploration data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This is the fourth release of Exploration Results for this project made by Greatland Gold. The previous releases are dated 19 August 2020, 20 January 2021 and 19 April 2021, No other substantive exploration data other than that provided in the figures.
Further work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This announcement describes the proposed work programme for the Scallywag license

APPENDIX II

Sallywag Project (Greatland Gold plc 100%): Historical and Greatland Drill Hole Collar Locations

Hole ID	Hole Type	A Number	Year	Operator	Max Depth	Grid_ID	East MGA	North MGA	RL	Azi	Dip
BLD001			2020	Greatland	593.85	MGA94_51	456565	7600400	259	0	-90
KRD001			2020	Greatland	748.5	MGA94_51	456025	7601340	249	107	-70
KRD002			2020	Greatland	504.5	MGA94_51	456570	7601165	250	282	-70
KRD003			2020	Greatland	468.8	MGA94_51	456286	7601433	250	12	-55
LOD001			2020	Greatland	576.6	MGA94_51	457665	7600335	246	46	-70
LOD002			2020	Greatland	414.9	MGA94_51	457930	7600060	247	250	-65
LOD003			2020	Greatland	454.3	MGA94_51	456590	7600755	249	56	-70
ANK200	RAB	97054	2012	Newcrest Mining Ltd	56	MGA94_51	453812	7599209	242		
ANK201	RAB				75	MGA94_51	457008	7597839	245		
ANK209	RAB	97054	2012	"	67	MGA94_51	450638	7603379	243		
ANK210	AC	97054	2012	"	61	MGA94_51	445077	7605341	241		
ANK211	RAB	97054	2012	"	75	MGA94_51	449738	7605474	245		
ANK213	AC				75	MGA94_51	459387	7603561	255		
ANK390	AC	97054	2012	"	100	MGA94_51	453888	7599209	241		
ANK391	AC	97054	2012	"	56	MGA94_51	450338	7601259	243		
ANK392	AC	97054	2012	"	69	MGA94_51	448838	7603959	244		
BHR17	RC	101401	2013	"	114	MGA94_51	446718	7607748	247		
BHR18	RC	101401	2013	"	120	MGA94_51	446498	7607654	252		
BHR19	RC	101401	2013	"	119	MGA94_51	446245	7607576	250		
BHR20	RC	101401	2013	"	85	MGA94_51	446052	7607498	246		
BHR21	RC	101401	2013	"	106	MGA94_51	446052	7607498	246		
BHR22	RC	101401	2013	"	132	MGA94_51	445786	7607436	247		
BHR23	RC	101401	2013	"	48	MGA94_51	445786	7607436	247		
BHR24	RC	101401	2013	"	34	MGA94_51	445538	7607347	247		
TEA8001	AC	84215	2003	"	120	MGA94_51	455238	7601304	245	360	-90
TEA8002	AC	84215	2003	"	115	MGA94_51	457049	7599947	243	360	-90
TEA8004	AC	84215	2003	"	123	MGA94_51	456179	7600958	244	360	-90
YAC1606	AC	57453	1998	Normandy Exploratio n Ltd	1.1	MGA94_51	448119	7604348	243	360	-90
YAC1607	AC	57453	1998	"	4	MGA94_51	447732	7604372	245	360	-90

YAC1608	AC	57453	1998	"	3.1	MGA94_51	447511	7604428	244	360	-90
YAC1609	AC	57453	1998	"	4	MGA94_51	447138	7604449	244	360	-90
YAC1610	AC	57453	1998	"	5	MGA94_51	446448	7604349	252	360	-90
YAC1611	AC	57453	1998	"	6.5	MGA94_51	446106	7604384	256	360	-90
YAC1612	AC	57453	1998	"	3	MGA94_51	445661	7604449	251	360	-90
YAC1613	AC	57453	1998	"	41	MGA94_51	444728	7604778	260	360	-90
YAC1614	AC	57453	1998	"	15	MGA94_51	446519	7606022	247	360	-90
YAC1615	AC	57453	1998	"	39	MGA94_51	443726	7606369	250	360	-90
YAC1616	AC	57453	1998	"	42	MGA94_51	444875	7607587	250	360	-90
YAC1617	AC	57453	1998	"	6	MGA94_51	446148	7607558	247	360	-90
YAC1618	AC	57453	1998	"	30	MGA94_51	446344	7607550	251	360	-90
YAC1619	AC	57453	1998	"	24	MGA94_51	446544	7607530	250	360	-90
YAC1620	AC	57453	1998	"	42	MGA94_51	446746	7607495	248	360	-90
YAC1733	AC	57453	1998	"	68	MGA94_51	443343	7604361	260	360	-90
YAC1734	AC	57453	1998	"	83	MGA94_51	444070	7604333	260	360	-90
YRB1276	AC	60010	1999	"	42	MGA94_51	447006	7607596	250	360	-90
YRB1277	AC	60010	1999	"	53	MGA94_51	447345	7607553	251	360	-90
YRB1278	AC	60010	1999	"	15	MGA94_51	447740	7607566	251	360	-90
YRB1279	AC	60010	1999	"	29	MGA94_51	448140	7607560	246	360	-90
YRB1280	AC	60010	1999	"	23	MGA94_51	448544	7607559	250	360	-90
YRB1281	AC	60010	1999	"	31	MGA94_51	448916	7607540	254	360	-90
YRB1282	AC	60010	1999	"	61	MGA94_51	449337	7607459	250	360	-90
YRB1283	AC	60010	1999	"	50	MGA94_51	449341	7607163	246	360	-90
YRB1284	AC	60010	1999	"	38	MGA94_51	448944	7607161	246	360	-90
YRB1285	AC	60010	1999	"	23	MGA94_51	448538	7607164	246	360	-90
YRB1286	AC	60010	1999	"	29	MGA94_51	448144	7607158	248	360	-90
YRB1287	AC	60010	1999	"	37	MGA94_51	448938	7606763	249	360	-90
YRB1288	AC	59339	1998	"	83	MGA94_51	449540	7606359	247	360	-90
YRB1289	AC	59339	1998	"	35	MGA94_51	448737	7606360	248	360	-90
YRB1290	AC	59339	1998	"	56	MGA94_51	448153	7606384	250	360	-90
YRB1291	AC	60010	1999	"	29	MGA94_51	448131	7606707	250	360	-90
YRB1292	AC	60010	1999	"	32	MGA94_51	447744	7606740	250	360	-90
YRB1293	AC	60010	1999	"	41	MGA94_51	447332	7606760	247	360	-90
YRB1294	AC	60010	1999	"	31	MGA94_51	446932	7606762	247	360	-90

YRB1295	AC	60010	1999	"	62	MGA94_51	446532	7606763	247	360	-90
YRB1296	AC	60010	1999	"	63	MGA94_51	446132	7606762	246	360	-90
YRB1297	AC	60010	1999	"	38	MGA94_51	447718	7606339	247	360	-90
YRB1298	AC	60010	1999	"	65	MGA94_51	447336	7606362	246	360	-90
YRB1299	AC	60010	1999	"	56	MGA94_51	446934	7606358	248	360	-90
YRB1300	AC	60010	1999	"	55	MGA94_51	446546	7606361	250	360	-90
YRB1301	AC	60010	1999	"	80	MGA94_51	446138	7606360	251	360	-90
YRB1302	AC	60010	1999	"	65	MGA94_51	445749	7606385	251	360	-90
YRB1303	AC	60010	1999	"	59	MGA94_51	445732	7606705	247	360	-90
YRB1304	AC	60010	1999	"	62	MGA94_51	445338	7606758	246	360	-90
YRB1305	AC	60010	1999	"	80	MGA94_51	444539	7606763	248	360	-90
YRB1306	AC	60010	1999	"	80	MGA94_51	444142	7607162	247	360	-90
YRB1307	AC	60010	1999	"	44	MGA94_51	443340	7607164	245	360	-90
YRB1308	AC	60010	1999	"	49	MGA94_51	444939	7607161	247	360	-90
YRB1309	AC	60010	1999	"	44	MGA94_51	447731	7607157	249	360	-90
YRB1310	AC	60010	1999	"	53	MGA94_51	447335	7607161	246	360	-90
YRB1311	AC	60010	1999	"	80	MGA94_51	446935	7607167	245	360	-90
YRB1312	AC	60010	1999	"	29	MGA94_51	446544	7607162	250	360	-90
YRB1313	AC	60010	1999	"	25	MGA94_51	446537	7607539	250	360	-90
YRB1314	AC	60010	1999	"	29	MGA94_51	446128	7607560	246	360	-90
YRB1315	AC	60010	1999	"	31	MGA94_51	446141	7607165	248	360	-90
YRB1316	AC	60010	1999	"	59	MGA94_51	445742	7607175	251	360	-90
YRB1317	AC	60010	1999	"	62	MGA94_51	445743	7607560	245	360	-90
YRB1318	AC	60010	1999	"	32	MGA94_51	445335	7607560	246	360	-90
YRB1319	AC	60010	1999	"	50	MGA94_51	445340	7607211	251	360	-90
YRB1320	AC	60010	1999	"	89	MGA94_51	444931	7607565	250	360	-90
YRB1321	AC	60010	1999	"	59	MGA94_51	444543	7607579	243	360	-90
YRB1322	AC	60010	1999	"	32	MGA94_51	443737	7607560	250	360	-90